

RESTdesc

Efficient runtime service
discovery and consumption.

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**Talking with others is difficult
when you're different.**





The goal is not
to blend in...

...but to
stand out.



What makes a Web service
stand out from others?

amazon[®] Google maps
flickr[™]

Functionality.

**Capturing functionality
is vital for automated
service consumption.**

RESTdesc

Efficient runtime service discovery and consumption.

1. **Why?** – need and challenges
2. **What?** – syntax and structure
3. **So what?** – benefits and potential

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Example service: calculating photo height



photo height service

send a photo, retrieve its height in pixels

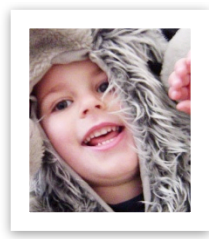
Several service description methods exist.

FACT: there are already lots of ways to describe that

- the input is an image;
- the output is a height in pixels.

FACT: none of them really helps... wait?

They don't describe functionality.



53



768



23.489

What height in pixels?

- The height of the face rectangle in the image?
- The optimal height on a certain mobile device?
- The height of the costume, mysteriously converted to pixels?

Functional descriptions tell the whole story.



What height in pixels?

Only the functional relation tells us this:

send a photo, retrieve its height in pixels



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Ingredients of RESTdesc

- HTTP
 - resources

REST-style HTTP is resource-oriented.

<http://example.com/images/wolfie>
This is a resource.

<http://example.com/images/wolfie/height>
This is a resource, too.



They're even the same resources as those on the Semantic Web: “Resource Description Framework”.

Ingredients of RESTdesc

- **HTTP**
 - resources
- **Notation3 (N3)**
 - small superset of RDF

Everything in RDF has 3 parts.

:MyPhoto :a :Photo.
subject verb object

RDF is organized in vocabularies.

@prefix : <http://example.org/photo/>.

@prefix **rdf**: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>.

@prefix **dbpedia**: <http://dbpedia.org/resource/>.

:MyPhoto **rdf**:type **dbpedia**:Photo.

Ingredients of RESTdesc

- **HTTP**
 - resources
- **Notation3 (N3)**
 - small superset of RDF
- **your own vocabulary**

How do we describe this functionality?



photo height service

send a photo, retrieve its height in pixels

Photo height service in RESTdesc

```
@prefix : <http://example.org/ontologies/photos#>.
```

```
@prefix http: <http://www.w3.org/2006/http#>.
```

```
@prefix tmp1: <http://purl.org/restdesc/http-template#>.
```

```
{  
  ?photo :photoId ?id.  
}  
=>  
{  
  _:request http:methodName "GET";  
             tmp1:requestURI ("/photos/" ?id "/height");  
             http:resp [ tmp1:represents ?pixels ].  
  ?photo :height ?pixels.  
}.
```

Not a new model.

This is RDF in Notation3,
a Semantic Web language.

Photo height service in RESTdesc

If your photo
has identifier “wolfie”...



“wolfie”

```
{
  ?photo :photoId ?id.
}
=>
{
  _:request http:methodName "GET";
    tmp1:requestURI ("/photos/" ?id "/height");
    http:resp [ tmp1:represents ?pixels ].
  ?photo :height ?pixels.
}.
```

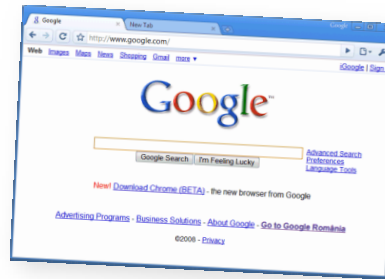
Photo height service in RESTdesc

... then ...

```
{
  ?photo :photoId ?id.
}
=>
{
  _:request http:methodName "GET";
    tmp1:requestURI ("/photos/" ?id "/height");
    http:resp [ tmp1:represents ?pixels ].
  ?photo :height ?pixels.
}.
```

Photo height service in RESTdesc

...you can use HTTP to get
/photos/wolfie/height...



```
{
  ?photo :photoId ?id.
}
=>
{
  _:request http:methodName "GET";
    tmp1:requestURI ("/photos/" ?id "/height");
    http:resp [ tmp1:represents ?pixels ].
  ?photo :height ?pixels.
}.
```

Photo height service in RESTdesc

...and the response will represent a value...



```
{
  ?photo :photoId ?id.
}
=>
{
  _:request http:methodName "GET";
    tmp1:requestURI ("/photos/" ?id "/height");
    http:resp [ tmp1:represents ?pixels ].
  ?photo :height ?pixels.
}.
```

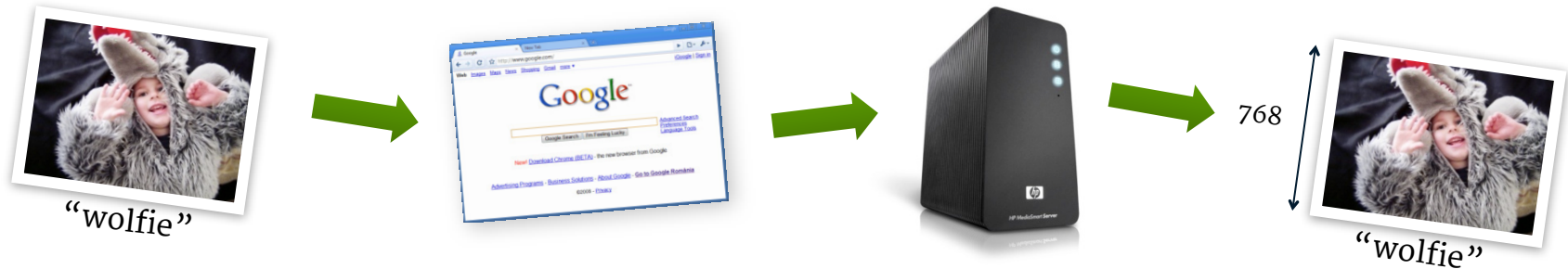
Photo height service in RESTdesc

...which is
that photo's height.

```
{  
  ?photo :photoId ?id.  
}  
=>  
{  
  _:request http:methodName "GET";  
    tmp1:requestURI ("/photos/" ?id "/height");  
    http:resp [ tmp1:represents ?pixels ].  
  ?photo :height ?pixels.  
}.  
}
```



This description contains everything you need.



```
{
  ?photo :photoId ?id.
}
=>
{
  _:request http:methodName "GET";
    tmp1:requestURI ("/photos/" ?id "/height");
    http:resp [ tmp1:represents ?pixels ].
  ?photo :height ?pixels.
}.
```

It's that simple.
And it's that powerful.

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RESTdesc descriptions are simple, because...

They rely on HTTP and HTTP best practices.

- resource-oriented

They use the vocabulary you choose.

- descriptions adapts to your domain

They describe only what you need.

- concepts live in vocabularies
 - “height” is an integer, expresses a length in pixels

RESTdesc descriptions are powerful, because...

They use the Resource Description Framework.

- logically sound
- allows complex expressions
- interoperable with other services and data

They can be composed by generic reasoners.

- all N3 reasoners understand RESTdesc
- enables goal-driven service composition

**RESTdesc enables
straightforward
automated use of services.**

**Seeing services as resources
leads to elegant
functional descriptions.**

**In functional descriptions,
services are not defined
by what they look like...**



...but by
what they do.

<http://restdesc.org/>